

## Package leaflet: Information for the patient

Ibandroninezuur Ratiopharm 50 mg, filmomhulde tabletten  
ibandronic acid

**Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.**

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

### What is in this leaflet

1. What <Ibandronic acid> is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take <Ibandronic acid>
3. How to take <Ibandronic acid>
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store <Ibandronic acid>
6. Contents of the pack and other information

#### 1. What <Ibandronic acid> is and what it is used for

<Ibandronic acid> contains the active substance ibandronic acid. This belongs to a group of medicines called bisphosphonates.

<Ibandronic acid> is used in adults and prescribed to you if you have breast cancer that has spread to your bones (called bone “metastases”).

- It helps to prevent your bones from breaking (fractures).
- It also helps to prevent other bone problems that may need surgery or radiotherapy.

<Ibandronic acid> works by reducing the amount of calcium that is lost from your bones. This helps to stop your bones from getting weaker.

#### 2. What you need to know before you take <Ibandronic acid>

##### Do not take <Ibandronic acid>:

- if you are allergic to ibandronic acid or any of the other ingredients of this medicine that are listed in section 6.
- if you have problems with your food pipe/gullet (oesophagus) such as narrowing or difficulty swallowing.
- if you cannot stand or sit upright for at least one hour (60 minutes) at a time.
- if you have or ever had low calcium in your blood.

Do not take this medicine if any of the above apply to you. If you are not sure, talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking <Ibandronic acid>.

### Warnings and precautions

A side effect called osteonecrosis of the jaw (ONJ) (bone damage in the jaw) has been reported very rarely in the post-marketing setting in patients receiving <Ibandronic acid> for cancer-related conditions. ONJ can also occur after stopping treatment.

It is important to try and prevent ONJ developing as it is a painful condition that can be difficult to treat. In order to reduce the risk of developing osteonecrosis of the jaw, there are some precautions you should take.

Before receiving treatment, tell your doctor or pharmacist if:

- you have any problems with your mouth or teeth such as poor dental health, gum disease or a planned tooth extraction.
- you do not receive routine dental care or have not had a dental check up for a long time.
- you are a smoker (as this may increase the risk of dental problems).
- you have previously been treated with a bisphosphonate (used to treat or prevent bone disorders).
- you are taking medicines called corticosteroids (such as prednisolone or dexamethasone).
- you have cancer.

Your doctor may ask you to undergo a dental examination before starting treatment with <Ibandronic acid>.

While being treated, you should maintain good oral hygiene (including regular teeth brushing) and receive routine dental check-ups. If you wear dentures you should make sure these fit properly. If you are under dental treatment or will undergo dental surgery (e.g. tooth extractions), inform your doctor about your dental treatment and tell your dentist that you are being treated with <Ibandronic acid>.

Contact your doctor and dentist immediately if you experience any problems with your mouth or teeth such as loose teeth, pain or swelling, non-healing of sores or discharge, as these could be signs of osteonecrosis of the jaw.

Talk to your doctor or pharmacist before taking <Ibandronic acid>:

- if you are allergic to any other bisphosphonates.
- if you have any swallowing or digestion problems.
- if you have high or low blood levels of vitamin D or any other minerals.
- if you have kidney problems.

Irritation, inflammation or ulceration of the gullet/food pipe (oesophagus) often with symptoms of severe pain in the chest, severe pain after swallowing food and/or drink, severe nausea, or vomiting may occur, especially if you do not drink a full glass of water and/or if you lie down within an hour of taking <Ibandronic acid>. If you develop these symptoms, stop taking <Ibandronic acid> and tell your doctor straight away (see sections 3 and 4).

### **Children and adolescents**

<Ibandronic acid> should not be used in children and adolescents below the age of 18 years.

### **Other medicines and <Ibandronic acid>**

Tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines. This is because <Ibandronic acid> can affect the way some other medicines work. Also some other medicines can affect the way <Ibandronic acid> works.

**In particular, tell your doctor or pharmacist** if you are taking any of the following medicines:

- supplements containing calcium, magnesium, iron or aluminium.
- acetylsalicylic acid and non-steroidal anti-inflammatory medicines called “NSAIDs”, such as ibuprofen or naproxen. This is because NSAIDs, and <Ibandronic acid> can both irritate your stomach and gut.
- a type of antibiotic injection called “aminoglycoside” such as gentamicin. This is because aminoglycosides and <Ibandronic acid> can both lower the amount of calcium in your blood.

Taking medicines that reduce stomach acid such as cimetidine and ranitidine, may slightly increase the effects of <Ibandronic acid>.

### **<Ibandronic acid> with food and drink**

Do not take <Ibandronic acid> with food or any other drinks except water as <Ibandronic acid> is less effective if it is taken with food or drink (see section 3).

Take <Ibandronic acid> at least 6 hours after you had last had anything to eat, drink or any other medicines or supplements (e.g. products containing calcium (milk), aluminium, magnesium and iron) except water. After taking your tablet, wait at least 30 minutes. Then you can have your first food and drink, and take any medicines or supplements (see section 3).

### **Pregnancy and breast feeding**

Do not take <Ibandronic acid> if you are pregnant, planning to get pregnant or if you are breast-feeding. Ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.

### **Driving and using machines**

You can drive and use machines as it's expected that <Ibandronic acid> has no or negligible effect on your ability to drive and use machines. Talk to your doctor first if you want to drive, use machine or tools.

### **<Ibandronic acid> contains lactose**

If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicine.

### **<Ibandronic acid> contains sodium**

This medicine contains less than 1 mmol sodium (23 mg) per film-coated tablet, that is to say essentially 'sodium-free'.

## **3. How to take <Ibandronic acid>**

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

Take your tablet at least 6 hours after you had last had anything to eat, drink or any other medicines or supplements except water. Water with a high concentration of calcium should not be used. If there is concern regarding potentially high levels of calcium in the tap water (hard water), it is advised to use bottled water with a low mineral content.

Your doctor may do regular blood tests while you are taking <Ibandronic acid>. This is to check that you are being given the right amount of medicine.

### **Taking this medicine**

It is important that you take <Ibandronic acid> at the right time and in the right way. This is because it can cause irritation, inflammation or ulcers in your food pipe/gullet (oesophagus).

You can help stop this happening by doing the following:

- Take your tablet as soon as you get up for the day before having your first food, drink, any medicine or supplements.
- Take your tablet with a full glass of water only (about 200 mL). Do not take your tablet with any drink other than water.
- Swallow the tablet whole. Do not chew, suck or crush the tablet. Do not let the tablet dissolve in your mouth.
- After taking your tablet, wait at least 30 minutes. Then you can have your first food and drink, and take any medicines or supplements.
- Stay upright (sitting or standing) while taking your tablet and for the next hour (60 minutes). Otherwise, some of the medicine could leak back into your food pipe/gullet (oesophagus).

### **How much to take**

The usual dose of <Ibandronic acid> is one tablet each day. If you have moderate kidney problems, your doctor may reduce your dose to one tablet every other day. If you have severe kidney problems, your doctor may reduce your dose to one tablet each week.

**If you take more <Ibandronic acid> than you should**

If you take too many tablets talk to a doctor or go to hospital straight away. Drink a full glass of milk before you go. Do not make yourself sick. Do not lie down.

**If you forget to take <Ibandronic acid>**

Do not take a double dose to make up for a forgotten dose. If you are taking a tablet each day, skip the missed dose completely. Then carry on as usual the next day. If you are taking a tablet every other day or once a week, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice.

**If you stop taking <Ibandronic acid>**

Keep taking <Ibandronic acid> for as long as your doctor tells you. This is because the medicine will only work if it is taken all the time.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

#### **4. Possible side effects**

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects although not everybody gets them.

**Talk to a nurse or a doctor straight away if you notice any of the following serious side effects, you may need urgent medical treatment:**

**Common** (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):

- feeling sick, heartburn and discomfort in swallowing (inflammation of your gullet/ food pipe).

**Uncommon** (may affect up to 1 in 100 people):

- severe stomach pain. This could be a sign of an ulcer of the first section of the bowel (duodenum) that is bleeding, or that your stomach is inflamed (gastritis).

**Rare** (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people)

- persistent eye pain and inflammation.
- new pain, weakness or discomfort in your thigh, hip or groin. You may have early signs of a possible unusual fracture of the thigh bone.

**Very rare** (may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people)

- pain or sore in your mouth or jaw. You may have early signs of severe jaw problems (necrosis[dead bone tissue] in the jaw bone).
- Talk to your doctor if you have ear pain, discharge from the ear, and/or an ear infection. These could be signs of bone damage in the ear.
- itching, swelling of your face, lips, tongue and throat with difficulty breathing. You may be having a serious, potentially life threatening allergic reaction.
- severe adverse skin reactions.

**Not known** (frequency cannot be estimated from the available data)

- asthma attack.

**Other possible side effects:**

**Common** (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):

- tummy pain, indigestion.
- low calcium levels in your blood.
- weakness.

**Uncommon** (may affect up to 1 in 100 people):

- chest pain
- itching or tingling skin (paraesthesia).
- flu-like symptoms, feeling generally unwell or in pain.
- dry mouth, strange taste in your mouth or difficulty swallowing.
- anaemia (bloodlessness).
- high levels of urea or high levels of parathyroid hormone in your blood.

### **Reporting of side effects**

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via [the national reporting system listed in Appendix V](#). By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

## **5. How to store <Ibandronic acid>**

- Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.
- Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the blister and carton after “EXP”. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.
- This medicinal product does not require any special storage conditions.
- Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater <or household waste>. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

## **6. Contents of the pack and other information**

### **What <Ibandronic acid> contains**

The active substance is 56.25 mg of ibandronic acid, monosodium salt, monohydrate, equivalent to 50 mg of ibandronic acid.

The other ingredients are lactose monohydrate, crospovidone (E1202), microcrystalline cellulose (E460), colloidal anhydrous silica (E551), sodium stearyl fumarate (tablet core); polyvinyl alcohol, macrogol/PEG 3350, talc (E553b) and titanium dioxide (E171) (tablet coating).

### **What <Ibandronic acid> looks like and contents of the pack**

Ibandronic acid tablets are white to off-white, oblong tablets inscribed with “I9BE” on one side and “50” on the other side.

They are available in blister packs of 7, 10, 14, 20, 21, 28, 30, 42, 50, 56, 60, 84, 90, 100, 126, 168, 210 and 1x7 tablets. (NL/H/1831,1833)

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

### **Houder van de vergunning voor het in de handel brengen en fabrikant**

*Houder van de vergunning voor het in de handel brengen*

Ratiopharm GmbH

Graf-Arco-Str. 3

89079 Ulm

Duitsland

*Fabrikant*

Synthon B.V.

Microweg 22

6545 CM Nijmegen

Nederland

Synthon Hispania S.L.  
castello 1 Poligono Las Salinas  
08830 Sant Boi de Llobregat  
Spanje

Merckle GmbH  
Ludwig-Merckle-Straße 3  
89143 Blaubeuren  
Duitsland

**In het register ingeschreven onder**  
RVG 106013

**Dit geneesmiddel is geregistreerd in lidstaten van de EEA onder de volgende namen:**

Duitsland	Ibandronsäure ratiopharm 50 mg Filmtabletten
Finland	Ibandronate ratiopharm 50 mg tabletti, kalvopäällysteinen
Luxemburg	Ibandronsäure ratiopharm 50 mg Filmtabletten
Nederland	Ibandroninezuur Ratiopharm 50 mg, filmomhulde tabletten

Deze bijsluiter is voor het laatst goedgekeurd in maand juni 2020.