

## Package leaflet: Information for the user

Prasugrel Teva 5 mg, filmomhulde tabletten  
Prasugrel Teva 10 mg, filmomhulde tabletten  
prasugrel

**Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.**

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

### What is in this leaflet

1. What <Product name> is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you take <Product name>
3. How to take <Product name>
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store <Product name>
6. Contents of the pack and other information

#### 1. What <Product name> is and what it is used for

<Product name>, which contains the active substance prasugrel, belongs to a group of medicines called anti-platelet agents. Platelets are very small cell particles that circulate in the blood. When a blood vessel is damaged, for example if it is cut, platelets clump together to help form a blood clot (thrombus). Therefore, platelets are essential to help stop bleeding. If clots form within a hardened blood vessel such as an artery they can be very dangerous as they can cut off the blood supply, causing a heart attack (myocardial infarction), stroke or death. Clots in arteries supplying blood to the heart may also reduce the blood supply, causing unstable angina (a severe chest pain).

<Product name> inhibits the clumping of platelets and so reduces the chance of a blood clot forming.

You have been prescribed <Product name> because you have already had a heart attack or unstable angina and you have been treated with a procedure to open blocked arteries in the heart. You may also have had one or more stents placed to keep open a blocked or narrowed artery supplying blood to the heart. <Product name> reduces the chances of you having a further heart attack or stroke or of dying from one of these atherothrombotic events. Your doctor will also give you acetylsalicylic acid (e.g. aspirin), another anti-platelet agent.

#### 2. What you need to know before you take <Product name>

##### Do not take <Product name>:

- If you are allergic to prasugrel or any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6). An allergic reaction may be recognised as a rash, itching, a swollen face, swollen lips or shortness of breath. If this has happened to you, tell your doctor **immediately**.
- If you have a medical condition that is currently causing bleeding, such as bleeding from your stomach or intestines.
- If you have ever had a stroke or a transient ischaemic attack (TIA).
- If you have severe liver disease.

### Warnings and precautions

- **Before you are taking <Product name>:**

Talk to your doctor before taking <Product name>.

You should tell your doctor before taking <Product name> if any of the situations mentioned below apply to you:

- If you have an increased risk of bleeding such as:
  - age of 75 years or older. Your doctor should prescribe a daily dose of 5 mg as there is a greater risk of bleeding in patients older than 75 years
  - a recent serious injury
  - recent surgery (including some dental procedures)
  - recent or recurrent bleeding from the stomach or intestines (e.g. a stomach ulcer or colon polyps)
  - body weight of less than 60 kg. Your doctor should prescribe a daily dose of 5 mg of <Product name> if you weigh less than 60 kg
  - renal (kidney) disease or moderate liver problems
  - taking certain types of medicines (see ‘Taking other medicines’ below)
  - planned surgery (including some dental procedures) in the next seven days. Your doctor may wish you to stop taking <Product name> temporarily due to the increased risk of bleeding
- If you have had allergic reactions (hypersensitivity) to clopidogrel or any other anti-platelet agent please tell your doctor before starting treatment with <Product name>. If you then take <Product name> and experience allergic reactions that may be recognised as a rash, itching, a swollen face, swollen lips or shortness of breath you need to tell your doctor **immediately**.

- **While you are taking <Product name>:**

You should tell your doctor immediately if you develop a medical condition called Thrombotic Thrombocytopenic Purpura (or TTP) that includes fever and bruising under the skin that may appear as red pinpoint dots, with or without unexplained extreme tiredness, confusion, yellowing of the skin or eyes (jaundice) (see section 4 ‘Possible side effects’).

### **Children and adolescents**

<Product name> should not be used in children and adolescents below 18 years of age.

### **Other medicines and <Product name>**

Tell your doctor if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines, including medicines obtained without a prescription, dietary supplements and herbal remedies. It is particularly important to tell your doctor if you are being treated with clopidogrel (an anti-platelet agent), warfarin (an anti-coagulant), or “non steroidal anti inflammatory drugs” for pain and fever (such as ibuprofen, naproxen, etoricoxib). If given together with <Product name> these medicines may increase the risk of bleeding.

Tell your doctor if you are taking morphine or other opioids (used to treat severe pain).

Only take other medicines while you are on <Product name> if your doctor tells you that you can.

### **Pregnancy and breast-feeding**

Tell your doctor if you become pregnant or are trying to become pregnant while you are taking <Product name>. You should use <Product name> only after discussing with your doctor the potential benefits and any potential risks to your unborn child.

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor or pharmacist for advice before taking this medicine.

### **Driving and using machines**

<Product name> is unlikely to affect your ability to drive or use machines.

#### **<Product name> contains sucrose stearate**

If you have been told by a doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor before taking this medicinal product.

### **3. How to take <Product name>**

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure.

The usual dose of <Product name> is 10 mg per day. You will start the treatment with a single dose of 60 mg. If you weigh less than 60 kg or are more than 75 years of age, the dose is 5 mg <Product name> per day. Your doctor will also tell you to take acetylsalicylic acid- (s)he will tell you the exact dose to take (usually between 75 mg and 325 mg daily).

You may take <Product name> with or without food. Take your dose at around the same time every day.

**5 mg:** Do not break or crush the tablet.

**10 mg:** The tablet can be divided into equal doses by breaking it only once. Do not crush the tablet.

It is important that you tell your doctor, dentist and pharmacist, that you are taking <Product name>.

#### **If you take more <Product name> than you should**

Contact your doctor or hospital straight away, as you may be at risk of excessive bleeding. You should show the doctor your pack of <Product name>.

#### **If you forget to take <Product name>**

If you miss your scheduled daily dose, take <Product name> when you remember. If you forget your dose for an entire day, just resume taking <Product name> at its usual dose the next day. Do not take a double dose to make up for a forgotten dose.

#### **If you stop taking <Product name>**

Do not stop taking <Product name> without consulting your doctor; if you stop taking <Product name> too soon, your risk of a heart attack may be higher.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

### **4. Possible side effects**

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

Contact your doctor **immediately** if you notice any of the following:

- Sudden numbness or weakness of the arm, leg or face, especially if only on one side of the body.
- Sudden confusion, difficulty speaking or understanding others.
- Sudden difficulty in walking or loss of balance or co-ordination.
- Sudden dizziness or sudden severe headache with no known cause.

All of the above may be signs of a stroke. Stroke is an uncommon side effect of <Product name> in patients who have never had a stroke or transient ischaemic attack (TIA).

Also contact your doctor **immediately** if you notice any of the following:

- Fever and bruising under the skin that may appear as red pinpoint dots, with or without unexplained extreme tiredness, confusion, yellowing of the skin or eyes (jaundice) (see section 2 'What you need to know before you take <Product name>').

- A rash, itching, or a swollen face, swollen lips/tongue, or shortness of breath. These may be signs of a severe allergic reaction (see section 2 ‘What you need to know before you take <Product name>’).

Tell your doctor **promptly** if you notice any of the following:

- Blood in your urine.
- Bleeding from your rectum, blood in your stools or black stools.
- Uncontrollable bleeding, for example from a cut.

All of the above may be signs of bleeding, the most common side effect with <Product name>. Although uncommon, severe bleeding can be life-threatening.

*Common side effects (may affect up to 1 in 10 people)*

- Bleeding in the stomach or bowels
- Bleeding from a needle puncture site
- Nose bleeds
- Skin rash
- Small red bruises on the skin (ecchymoses)
- Blood in urine
- Haematoma (bleeding under the skin at the site of an injection, or into a muscle, causing swelling)
- Low haemoglobin or red blood cell count (anaemia)
- Bruising

*Uncommon side effects (may affect up to 1 in 100 people)*

- Allergic reaction (rash, itching, swollen lips/tongue, or shortness of breath)
- Spontaneous bleeding from the eye, rectum, gums or in the abdomen around the internal organs
- Bleeding after surgery
- Coughing up blood
- Blood in stools

*Rare side effects (may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people)*

- Low blood platelet count
- Subcutaneous haematoma (bleeding under the skin causing a swelling)

### **Reporting of side effects**

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via the national reporting system listed in [Appendix V](#). By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

## **5. How to store <Product name>**

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the blister and carton after EXP. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Do not store above 25 °C.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

## **6. Contents of the pack and other information**

### What <Product name> contains

- The active substance is prasugrel (as hydrobromide). Each film-coated tablet contains 5 mg or 10 mg prasugrel (as hydrobromide).
- The other ingredients are:  
Tablet core: microcrystalline cellulose, mannitol, hypromellose, low-substituted hydroxypropyl cellulose, glycerol dibehenate and sucrose stearate.  
Tablet coating (5 mg): part hydrolyzed polyvinyl alcohol, titanium dioxide (E171), macrogol 3350, talc, iron oxide yellow (E172), iron oxide red (E172) and black iron oxide (E172).

Tablet coating (10 mg): part hydrolyzed polyvinyl alcohol, titanium dioxide (E171), macrogol 3350, talc, iron oxide yellow (E172) and iron oxide red (E172).

### What <Product name> looks like and contents of the pack

<Product name> 5 mg: yellow, oval film-coated tablets, debossed with "P5" on one side and plain on the other side of the tablet.

<Product name> 5 mg is available in blister packs or unit dose blisters of 10, 14, 28, 28x1, 30, 30x1, 56, 84, 90x1 and 98 film-coated tablets.

<Product name> 10 mg: beige, oval film-coated tablets, debossed with "P10" on one side and a score line on the other side of the tablet.

<Product name> 10 mg is available in blister packs or unit dose blisters of 10, 14, 28, 28x1, 30, 30x1, 56, 84, 90, 90x1 and 98 film-coated tablets.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

### Houder van de vergunning voor het in de handel brengen en fabrikant

*Houder van de vergunning voor het in de handel brengen*

Teva B.V.  
Swensweg 5  
2031 GA Haarlem  
Nederland

*Fabrikant*  
Merckle GmbH  
Ludwig-Merckle-Strasse 3  
89143 Blaubeuren  
Duitsland

PLIVA Hrvatska d.o.o. (PLIVA Croatia Ltd.)  
Prilaz baruna Filipovića 25  
10000 Zagreb  
Kroatië

### In het register ingeschreven onder

RVG 121357 – 5 mg filmomhulde tabletten  
RVG 121358 – 10 mg filmomhulde

Dit geneesmiddel is geregistreerd in lidstaten van de EEA onder de volgende namen:

Nederland	Prasugrel Teva 5 mg, filmomhulde tabletten Prasugrel Teva 10 mg, filmomhulde tabletten
Hongarije	Prasugrel Teva 5 mg filmtabletta Prasugrel Teva 10 mg filmtabletta

Deze bijsluiter is voor het laatst goedgekeurd in november 2020.