

# **Public Assessment Report**

## **Scientific discussion**

**Bortezomib Sandoz 1 mg and 3.5 mg,  
powder for solution for injection**

**(bortezomib)**

**NL/H/4236/001-002/MR**

**Date: 6 November 2018**

This module reflects the scientific discussion for the approval of Bortezomib Sandoz 1 mg and 3.5 mg, powder for solution for injection. The procedure was finalised on 9 March 2018. For information on changes after this date please refer to the 'steps taken after finalisation' at the end of this PAR.

## List of abbreviations

|         |                                                                                                    |
|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| ASMF    | Active Substance Master File                                                                       |
| CHMP    | Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use                                                     |
| CMD(h)  | Coordination group for Mutual recognition and Decentralised procedure for human medicinal products |
| CMS     | Concerned Member State                                                                             |
| EDMF    | European Drug Master File                                                                          |
| EEA     | European Economic Area                                                                             |
| ERA     | Environmental Risk Assessment                                                                      |
| ICH     | International Conference of Harmonisation                                                          |
| MAH     | Marketing Authorisation Holder                                                                     |
| Ph.Eur. | European Pharmacopoeia                                                                             |
| PL      | Package Leaflet                                                                                    |
| RH      | Relative Humidity                                                                                  |
| RMP     | Risk Management Plan                                                                               |
| SmPC    | Summary of Product Characteristics                                                                 |
| TSE     | Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathy                                                            |

## I. INTRODUCTION

Based on the review of the quality, safety and efficacy data, the Member States have granted a marketing authorisation for Bortezomib Sandoz 1 mg and 3.5 mg, powder for solution for injection from Sandoz B.V.

The indications are:

- Bortezomib is indicated as monotherapy or in combination with pegylated liposomal doxorubicin or dexamethasone is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with progressive multiple myeloma who have received at least 1 prior therapy and who have already undergone or are unsuitable for haematopoietic stem cell transplantation.
- Bortezomib in combination with melphalan and prednisone is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with previously untreated multiple myeloma who are not eligible for high-dose chemotherapy with haematopoietic stem cell transplantation.
- Bortezomib in combination with dexamethasone, or with dexamethasone and thalidomide, is indicated for the induction treatment of adult patients with previously untreated multiple myeloma who are eligible for high-dose chemotherapy with haematopoietic stem cell transplantation.
- Bortezomib in combination with rituximab, cyclophosphamide, doxorubicin and prednisone is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with previously untreated mantle cell lymphoma who are unsuitable for haematopoietic stem cell transplantation.

A comprehensive description of the indications and posology is given in the SmPC.

This mutual recognition procedure concerns a generic application claiming essential similarity with the innovator product Velcade 1 mg and 3.5 mg powder for solution for injection, which has been registered in the EEA by Janssen-Cilag International BV since 26 April 2004 through a centralised procedure (EU license number EU/1/04/274).

The concerned member states (CMS) involved in this procedure were Belgium, Germany, Denmark, France, Hungary, Poland, Romania, Sweden, Slovenia and the United Kingdom.

The marketing authorisation has been granted pursuant to Article 10(1) of Directive 2001/83/EC.

## II. QUALITY ASPECTS

### II.1 Introduction

Bortezomib Sandoz is a white to off-white cake or powder. Each vial contains either 1 mg or 3.5 mg bortezomib (as a mannitol boronic ester).

Bortezomib 3.5 mg can be administered both intravenously and subcutaneously while bortezomib 1 mg can be administered only intravenously.

The powder is supplied in colourless glass vials (of 6 ml for the 1 mg product and 10 ml for the 3.5 mg product) with a rubber stopper and flip-off cap (green for the 1 mg product and blue for the 3.5 mg product).

Mannitol (E421) is present as an excipient.

### II.2 Drug Substance

The active substance is bortezomib, an established active substance not described in the European Pharmacopoeia (Ph.Eur.) or British Pharmacopoeia (BP). The active substance is insoluble in water. Bortezomib shows polymorphism. The active substance has two chiral centres and is manufactured as the RS-enantiomer. The drug substance is manufactured and supplied in its anhydride form as a trimer.

The Active Substance Master File (ASMF) procedure is used for the active substance. The main objective of the ASMF procedure, commonly known as the European Drug Master File (EDMF) procedure, is to allow valuable confidential intellectual property or 'know-how' of the manufacturer of the active substance (ASM) to be protected, while at the same time allowing the applicant or marketing authorisation holder (MAH) to take full responsibility for the medicinal product, the quality and quality control of the active substance. Competent Authorities/EMA thus have access to the complete information that is necessary to evaluate the suitability of the use of the active substance in the medicinal product.

#### Manufacturing process

The manufacturing process consists of two steps. No class 1 organic solvents or heavy metal catalysts are used in the process. Acceptable specifications have been adopted for the starting materials, solvents and reagents used in the process.

#### Quality control of drug substance

The drug substance specification applied by the MAH is the same as that applied by the ASMF holder. The drug substance specification is acceptable. Batch analytical data demonstrating compliance with the specification have been provided on four full-scale batches of drug substance.

#### Stability of drug substance

Stability data on the active substance have been provided for three full-scale batches that were stored in a freezer at -20°C (24 months). One batch was stored in a refrigerator at 2-8°C (6 months). The batches stored in a freezer showed an increase in one of the impurities and no changes in any of the other tested parameters. When stored in a refrigerator, out-of-specification results were reported for assay and impurities after 6 months storage. Bortezomib was stable for one month in a refrigerator. The proposed retest period of 24 months when stored under an inert atmosphere in its original packaging at -20° C in a dry and dark place is justified.

### **II.3 Medicinal Product**

#### Pharmaceutical development

The development of the product has been described, the choice of excipients is justified and their functions explained. The aim of the development was to make a drug product equivalent to the reference product Velcade. The main development studies performed were regarding the optimization of the manufacturing process and processing parameters. The choices of the packaging and manufacturing process are justified. The sterilisation method using filtration through a microbial filter and aseptic processing was chosen according to the guidance 'Decision trees for the selection of sterilisation methods'. The pharmaceutical development has been adequately performed.

#### Manufacturing process

The main steps of the manufacturing process are the dissolution of the drug substance and mannitol in a mixture of water for injections and tert-butanol (which are removed during processing), sterilisation of the bulk solution by sterile filtration followed by aseptic filling and lyophilisation.

The manufacturing process has been adequately validated according to relevant European guidelines. Process validation data on the product have been presented for three full-scale batches of both product strengths.

#### Control of excipients

The excipients comply with Ph.Eur. requirements. These specifications are acceptable.

#### Quality control of drug product

The product specification includes tests for appearance, reconstitution time, pH of the reconstituted solution, colour and clarity of the reconstituted solution, uniformity of dosage units, water content, residual tert-butanol, particulate matter, identity, assay, impurities, sterility and bacterial endotoxins. Except for related substances, the release and shelf-life requirements are identical. The specification is acceptable. The analytical methods have been adequately described and validated. Batch analytical data from the proposed production site have been provided on three full-scale batches of 1 mg and three pilot-scale batches of 3.5 mg, demonstrating compliance with the release specification.

#### Stability of drug product

Stability data on the product have been provided, three full-scale batches of 1 mg and three pilot-scale batches of 3.5 mg were stored at 25°C/60% RH (36 months) and 40°C/75% RH (6 months). The conditions used in the stability studies are according to the ICH stability guideline. The batches were stored in type I glass vials with rubber stopper and flip-off cap. At both storage conditions an increase in impurities is seen. No other trends or changes are observed. All parameters remain within the specified limits. The product was shown to be sensitive to light. The proposed shelf-life of 3 years and storage conditions 'This medicinal product does not require any special temperature storage conditions' and 'Keep the vial in the outer carton in order to protect from light' are justified.

Stability data has been provided demonstrating that the product remains stable for 8 hours following reconstitution with 0.9% NaCl when protected from light.

#### Specific measures concerning the prevention of the transmission of animal spongiform encephalopathies

There are no substances of ruminant animal origin present in the product nor have any been used in the manufacturing of this product, so a theoretical risk of transmitting TSE can be excluded.

### **II.4 Discussion on chemical, pharmaceutical and biological aspects**

Based on the submitted dossier, the member states consider that Bortezomib Sandoz has a proven chemical-pharmaceutical quality. Sufficient controls have been laid down for the active substance and finished product.

No post-approval commitments were made.

## **III. NON-CLINICAL ASPECTS**

### **III.1 Ecotoxicity/environmental risk assessment (ERA)**

Since Bortezomib Sandoz is intended for generic substitution, this will not lead to an increased exposure to the environment. An environmental risk assessment is therefore not deemed necessary.

### **III.2 Discussion on the non-clinical aspects**

This product is a generic formulation of Velcade, which is available on the European market. Reference is made to the preclinical data obtained with the innovator product. A non-clinical overview on the pharmacology, pharmacokinetics and toxicology has been provided, which is based on up-to-date and adequate scientific literature. The overview justifies why there is no need to generate additional non-clinical pharmacology, pharmacokinetics and toxicology data. Therefore, the member states agreed that no further non-clinical studies are required.

## **IV. CLINICAL ASPECTS**

### **IV.1 Introduction**

Bortezomib is a well-known active substance with established efficacy and tolerability.

A clinical overview has been provided, which is based on scientific literature. The overview justifies why there is no need to generate additional clinical data. Therefore, the member states agreed that no further clinical studies are required.

### **IV.2 Pharmacokinetics**

Bortezomib Sandoz is a parenteral formulation and therefore fulfils the exemption mentioned in the Note for Guidance on bioequivalence "5.1.6 parenteral solutions", which states that a bioequivalence study is not required if the product is administered as an aqueous solution containing the same active

substance in the same concentration as the currently authorized reference medicinal product (NfG CPMP/EWP/QWP 1401/98). The quantitative composition of Bortezomib Sandoz 1 mg and 3.5 mg, powder for solution for injection is entirely the same as the originator's. Therefore, it may be considered as therapeutic equivalent, with the same efficacy/safety profile as known for the active substance of the reference medicinal product. The current product can be used instead of its reference product.

### IV.3 Risk Management Plan

The MAH has submitted a risk management plan, in accordance with the requirements of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended, describing the pharmacovigilance activities and interventions designed to identify, characterise, prevent or minimise risks relating to Bortezomib Sandoz.

| Summary of safety concerns        |                                                                                  |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Important identified risks</b> | Acute diffuse infiltrative pulmonary disease                                     |
|                                   | Acute hypersensitivity reaction                                                  |
|                                   | Autonomic neuropathy                                                             |
|                                   | Cardiac failure                                                                  |
|                                   | Hepatotoxicity                                                                   |
|                                   | Herpes zoster infection                                                          |
|                                   | Neutropenia and neutropenia with associated infection                            |
|                                   | Optic neuropathy and different degrees of visual impairment (up to blindness)    |
|                                   | Pericardial disease                                                              |
|                                   | Peripheral motor neuropathy (including paralysis)                                |
|                                   | Posterior reversible encephalopathy syndrome                                     |
|                                   | Pulmonary hypertension                                                           |
|                                   | Thrombocytopenia and thrombocytopenia with associated bleeding                   |
|                                   | Tumour lysis syndrome                                                            |
| <b>Important potential risks</b>  | Guillain-Barré Syndrome                                                          |
|                                   | Medication/Dispensing errors                                                     |
|                                   | Other central nervous system disorders                                           |
|                                   | Progressive multifocal leukoencephalopathy                                       |
|                                   | Ventricular rhythm abnormalities                                                 |
| <b>Missing information</b>        | Second primary malignancies with dexamethasone and thalidomide induction therapy |
|                                   | Use in patients with heart disease                                               |
|                                   | Use in patients with Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG)>2                 |

The MAH included key elements for educational material as additional risk minimisation measure regarding the potential risk for medication error with the 2 different routes of administration with different reconstituted concentrations.

The educational materials for healthcare professionals regarding the prescribing, dispensing, handling or administration of bortezomib, will be provided during the national phase of the procedures.

The educational material will consist of the following:

1. Reconstitution, dosing and administration booklet
2. Reconstitution poster
3. Dosing Slide Rule
4. Induction Transplant Regimens Graph.

The key elements of the educational material as proposed by the MAH is in line with that of the innovator, Velcade. The content and format of the educational material will be prepared during the national phase of the procedure.

#### **IV.4 Discussion on the clinical aspects**

For this authorisation, reference is made to the clinical studies and experience with the innovator product Velcade. No new clinical studies were conducted. The MAH demonstrated essential similarity based on quality attributes. Risk management is adequately addressed. This generic medicinal product can be used instead of the reference product.

### **V. USER CONSULTATION**

The package leaflet (PL) has not been evaluated via a user consultation study. A bridging report has been submitted. A comparison between the current PL of Velcade 1 mg and 3.5 mg powder for solution for injection and the proposed PL of Bortezomib has been made. The proposed leaflet does not substantially differ from the originator's, which has been user tested. The house style of the MAH has been successfully tested in previous procedures. Therefore, the member states agree that bridging is justified.

### **VI. OVERALL CONCLUSION, BENEFIT/RISK ASSESSMENT AND RECOMMENDATION**

Bortezomib Sandoz 1 mg and 3.5 mg, powder for solution for injection have a proven chemical-pharmaceutical quality and are generic forms of Velcade 1 mg and 3.5 mg powder for solution. Velcade is a well-known medicinal product with an established favourable efficacy and safety profile

Since both the reference and current product are intended for parenteral use, no bioequivalence study is deemed necessary.

The Board followed the advice of the assessors. Bortezomib Sandoz 1 mg and 3.5 mg was registered in the Netherlands on 16 February 2016.

There was no discussion in the CMD(h) during the MRP. Agreement between member states was reached during a written procedure. The concerned member state, on the basis of the data submitted, mutually recognised the MEB's evaluation for marketing authorisation. Essential similarity has been demonstrated for Bortezomib Sandoz with the reference product. The mutual recognition procedure was finalised with a positive outcome on 9 March 2018.

The following post-approval commitment has been made during the procedure:

- The MAH committed to agree the content and format of the educational material with the national competent authority of each member state.

## STEPS TAKEN AFTER THE FINALISATION OF THE INITIAL PROCEDURE - SUMMARY

| Scope                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Procedure number         | Type of modification | Date of start of the procedure | Date of end of the procedure | Approval/ non approval | Assessment report attached |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Addition of batch release site, not including batch control/testing.                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | NL/H/4236/I A/001/G      | IA                   | 30-7-2018                      | 29-8-2018                    | Approval               | --                         |
| Name change in NL.<br>Bortezomib Synthon 1 mg, poeder voor oplossing voor injectie > Bortezomib Sandoz 1 mg, poeder voor oplossing voor injectie.<br>Bortezomib Synthon 3,5 mg, poeder voor oplossing voor injectie > Bortezomib Sandoz 3,5 mg, poeder voor oplossing voor injectie. | NL/H/4236/001-002/IB/002 | IB                   | 21-8-2018                      | 11-9-2018                    | Approval               | --                         |