

### **Public Assessment Report**

#### Scientific discussion

# Endodien 2 mg film-coated tablets (dienogest)

NL/H/4259/001/DC

Date: 28 January 2019

This module reflects the scientific discussion for the approval of Endodien 2 mg film-coated tablets. The procedure was finalised at 28 November 2018. For information on changes after this date please refer to the 'steps taken after finalisation' at the end of this PAR.



#### List of abbreviations

ASMF Active Substance Master File

CEP Certificate of Suitability to the monographs of the European

Pharmacopoeia

CHMP Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use

CMD(h) Coordination group for Mutual recognition and Decentralised

procedure for human medicinal products

CMS Concerned Member State
EDMF European Drug Master File

EDQM European Directorate for the Quality of Medicines

EEA European Economic Area

ERA Environmental Risk Assessment

ICH International Conference of Harmonisation

MAH Marketing Authorisation Holder

Ph.Eur. European Pharmacopoeia

PL Package Leaflet
RH Relative Humidity
RMP Risk Management Plan

SmPC Summary of Product Characteristics

TSE Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathy



#### I. INTRODUCTION

Based on the review of the quality, safety and efficacy data, the Member States have granted a marketing authorisation for Endodien 2 mg film-coated tablets, from Farmitalia s.r.l.

The product is indicated for the treatment of endometriosis.

A comprehensive description of the indications and posology is given in the SmPC.

This decentralised procedure concerns a generic application claiming essential similarity with the innovator product Visanne 2 mg, tablets which has been registered in the Netherlands by Bayer B.V. since 21 December 2009.

The concerned member state (CMS) involved in this procedure was Italy.

The marketing authorisation has been granted pursuant to Article 10(1) of Directive 2001/83/EC.

#### II. QUALITY ASPECTS

#### II.1 Introduction

Endodien is a white, round, biconvex film-coated tablets with a embossed "2" on one side. Each tablet contains 2 mg dienogest.

The film-coated tablets are packed in PVC/PVDC/Aluminium blister packs.

#### The excipients are:

Tablet core – lactose monohydrate, maize starch, povidone (E1201), sodium starch glycolate, (Type A) (E468), magnesium stearate (E407b).

#### **II.2** Drug Substance

The active substance is dienogest, an established active substance described in the European Pharmacopoeia (Ph.Eur.). It is a white, The micronized form of the drug substance is used. Dienogest is a steroid with four stereo genic centres that shows specific optical rotation. Dienogest does not show polymorphism. almost white or slightly yellow, crystalline powder and practically insoluble in water.

The CEP procedure is used for the active substance. Under the official Certification Procedures of the EDQM of the Council of Europe, manufacturers or suppliers of substances



for pharmaceutical use can apply for a certificate of suitability concerning the control of the chemical purity and microbiological quality of their substance according to the corresponding specific monograph, or the evaluation of reduction of Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathy (TSE) risk, according to the general monograph, or both. This procedure is meant to ensure that the quality of substances is guaranteed and that these substances comply with the Ph.Eur.

#### Manufacturing process

A CEP has been submitted; therefore no details on the manufacturing process have been included. Details on the micronization have been included in the dossier by the finished product manufacturer.

#### Quality control of drug substance

The active substance specification is considered adequate to control the quality and meets the requirements of the monograph in the Ph.Eur with additional requirements for residual solvents in accordance with the CEP and particle size. The specification is acceptable in view of the various European guidelines. Batch analytical data demonstrating compliance with this specification have been provided for three batches.

#### Stability of drug substance

Stability data on the active substance have been provided for nine batches of different batch sizes stored at 25°C/60% RH (3-60 months) and 40°C/75% RH (3-6 months). The proposed retest period of 5 years without any special storage requirements is justified.

#### II.3 Medicinal Product

#### Pharmaceutical development

The product is an established pharmaceutical form and its development is adequately described in accordance with the relevant European guidelines. The choice of excipients is justified and their functions explained. The formulation development started with characterisation studies on the reference product. Development of the formulation and manufacturing process was mainly based on experience gained by the company on a comparable product.

A bioequivalence study has been performed with the product versus the reference product Visanne. The test batch used in the bioequivalence study was manufactured according to the finalised manufacturing process and composition at a representative scale. Complementary to the *in vivo* study, *in vitro* dissolution studies have been performed at different pH levels in the physiological pH range and in the routine dissolution test method. The choice of the dissolution method for routine control of the drug product has been justified. An adequate risk assessment on elemental impurities was performed justifying that there is no need to control any elemental impurities as part of the finished product specification. The pharmaceutical development of the product has been adequately performed.



#### Manufacturing process

The manufacturing process has been validated according to relevant European guidelines. The main steps are blending of the intragranular component, aqueous based wet granulation, drying, sieving, lubrication, compression, tablet compression, film-coating and packaging. Process validation data on the product have been presented for three medium commercial scaled batches and one smaller batch in accordance with the relevant European guidelines. The product is manufactured using conventional manufacturing techniques. Process validation for full-scale batches will be performed post authorisation.

#### **Control of excipients**

Except for the film-coating material, the excipients comply and are tested in accordance with their Ph.Eur. monographs. The film-coating material is controlled to an in-house specification. The individual components of the film-coating material are of Ph.Eur. quality. The specifications are acceptable.

#### Quality control of drug product

The finished product specifications are adequate to control the relevant parameters for the dosage form. The specification includes tests for appearance, average weight, loss on drying, resistance to crushing, identity, assay, uniformity of dosage units, dissolution, related substances and microbiological quality. Limits in the specification have been justified and are considered appropriate for adequate quality control of the product. Except for related substances, the release and shelf-life specifications are identical. Satisfactory validation data for the analytical methods have been provided. Batch analytical data on three medium commercial scaled batches and one smaller batch from the proposed production site have been provided, demonstrating compliance with the specification.

#### Stability of drug product

Stability data on the product have been provided for three medium commercial scaled batches and one smaller sized batch stored at 25°C/60% RH (24 months) and 40°C/75% RH (6 months). The conditions used in the stability studies are according to the ICH stability guideline. The batches were stored in PVC/PVdC-Al blisters (marketing pack). Photostability studies were performed in accordance with ICH recommendations and showed that the product is stable when exposed to light. Except for an increase in loss on drying at accelerated storage conditions and a slight increase in impurities at both storage conditions, no changes or trends were seen in any of the tested parameters (appearance, average weight, loss on drying, resistance to crushing, assay, dissolution, related substances and microbiological quality). All results remained within the specified limits at both storage conditions. The proposed shelf-life of 2 years without any special storage requirements is justified.

## <u>Specific measures concerning the prevention of the transmission of animal spongiform</u> encephalopathies

The drug substance dienogest and all excipients other than lactose monohydrate are from non-animal and non-human origin. The milk used in the production of lactose is sourced



from healthy animals in the same conditions as milk collected for human consumption and the lactose is prepared without the use of other ruminant materials than calf rennet.

#### II.4 Discussion on chemical, pharmaceutical and biological aspects

Based on the submitted dossier, the member states consider that Endodien has a proven chemical-pharmaceutical quality. Sufficient controls have been laid down for the active substance and finished product. No post-approval commitments were made.

#### III. NON-CLINICAL ASPECTS

#### III.1 Ecotoxicity/environmental risk assessment (ERA)

Since Endodien is intended for generic substitution, this will not lead to an increased exposure to the environment. An environmental risk assessment is therefore not deemed necessary.

#### III.2 Discussion on the non-clinical aspects

This product is a generic formulation of Visanne which is available on the European market. Reference is made to the preclinical data obtained with the innovator product. A non-clinical overview on the pharmacology, pharmacokinetics and toxicology has been provided, which is based on up-to-date and adequate scientific literature. The overview justifies why there is no need to generate additional non-clinical pharmacology, pharmacokinetics and toxicology data. Therefore, the member states agreed that no further non-clinical studies are required.

#### IV. CLINICAL ASPECTS

#### **IV.1** Introduction

Dienogest is a well-known active substance with established efficacy and tolerability. A clinical overview has been provided, which is based on scientific literature. The overview justifies why there is no need to generate additional clinical data. Therefore, the member states agreed that no further clinical studies are required.

For this generic application, the MAH has submitted one bioequivalence study which is discussed below.



#### **IV.2** Pharmacokinetics

The MAH conducted a bioequivalence study in which the pharmacokinetic profile of the test product Endodien 2 mg film-coated tablets (Farmitalia s.r.l., Italy) is compared with the pharmacokinetic profile of the reference product Visanne 2 mg (Bayer B.V., the Netherlands).

The choice of the reference product in the bioequivalence study has been justified. The formula and preparation of the bioequivalence batch is identical to the formula proposed for marketing.

#### Bioequivalence study

#### Design

A single-dose, randomised, two-period, two-treatment, two-sequence, crossover bioequivalence study was carried out under fasted conditions in 24 healthy female (postmenopausal or surgically sterile) subjects, aged 46-65 years. Each subject received a single dose (2 mg) of one of the 2 dienogest formulations. The tablet was orally administered with water after a fast of at least 10 hours. There were 2 dosing periods, separated by a washout period of 7 days.

Blood samples were collected pre-dose, and at 0.25, 0.50, 0.75, 1, 1.25, 1.5, 1.75, 2, 2.5, 3, 3.5, 4, 6, 8, 12, 16, 24, 36, and 48 after administration of the products.

The design of the study is acceptable. Dienogest may be taken without reference to food intake. From the literature it is known that food does not interact with the absorption of the active substance. Therefore, a food interaction study is not deemed necessary. The bioequivalence study under fasting conditions is in accordance with CPMP/EWP/QWP/1401/98 Note for Guidance on the investigation of bioavailability and bioequivalence.

#### Analytical/statistical methods

The analytical method has been adequately validated and is considered acceptable for analysis of the plasma samples. The methods used in this study for the pharmacokinetic calculations and statistical evaluation are considered acceptable.

#### Results

Two subjects withdrew from the study due to personal reason. Therefore, 22 subjects completed the study and were eligible for pharmacokinetic analysis.

Table 1. Pharmacokinetic parameters (non-transformed values; arithmetic mean ± SD, t<sub>max</sub> (median, range)) of dienogest under fasted conditions.

Treatment	AUC <sub>0-t</sub>	AUC <sub>0-∞</sub>	C <sub>max</sub>	t <sub>max</sub>
N=22	(ng.h/ml)	(ng.h/ml)	(ng/ml)	(h)

Test	542 ± 135	573 ± 160	56 ± 8	1.0 (0.5-1.8)
Reference	542 ± 135	576 ± 162	50 ± 9	1.3 (0.8-6.0)
*Ratio (90% CI)	1.00 (0.97-1.04)	0.99 (0.96-1.03)	1.11 (1.06-1.17)	
CV (%)	6.8	6.7	9.8	

 $\textbf{AUC}_{0-\!\infty}$  area under the plasma concentration-time curve from time zero to infinity

 $AUC_{0-t}$  area under the plasma concentration-time curve from time zero to t hours

 $egin{array}{ll} {c}_{max} & maximum \ plasma \ concentration \\ {t}_{max} & time \ for \ maximum \ concentration \end{array}$ 

t<sub>1/2</sub> half-life

**CV** coefficient of variation

#### Conclusion on bioequivalence study

The 90% confidence intervals calculated for  $AUC_{0-t}$ ,  $AUC_{0-\infty}$  and  $C_{max}$  are within the bioequivalence acceptance range of 0.80-1.25. Based on the submitted bioequivalence study Endodien is considered bioequivalent with Visanne

The MEB has been assured that the bioequivalence study has been conducted in accordance with acceptable standards of Good Clinical Practice (GCP, see Directive 2005/28/EC) and Good Laboratory Practice (GLP, see Directives 2004/9/EC and 2004/10/EC).

#### IV.3 Risk Management Plan

The MAH has submitted a risk management plan, in accordance with the requirements of Directive 2001/83/EC as amended, describing the pharmacovigilance activities and interventions designed to identify, characterise, prevent or minimise risks relating to Endodien.

Table 2. Summary table of safety concerns as approved in RMP

Important identified risks	- Serious uterine bleeding		
	- Reduction of bone mineral density (BMD)		
Important potential risks	- Depression		
	- Bone mineral density loss in adolescents		
	- Ectopic pregnancy		
	- Arterial thromboembolism (ATE)		
	<ul> <li>Venous thromboembolism (VTE)</li> </ul>		
	- Breast cancer		
	- Benign and malignant liver tumours		
	- Recurrence of cholestatic jaundice		
Missing information	- Paediatric use		
	- Long term treatment		

<sup>\*</sup>In-transformed values



The member states agreed that routine pharmacovigilance activities and routine risk minimisation measures are sufficient for the risks and areas of missing information.

#### IV.4 Discussion on the clinical aspects

For this authorisation, reference is made to the clinical studies and experience with the innovator product Visanne. No new clinical studies were conducted. The MAH demonstrated through a bioequivalence study that the pharmacokinetic profile of the product is similar to the pharmacokinetic profile of this reference product. Risk management is adequately addressed. This generic medicinal product can be used instead of the reference product.

#### V. USER CONSULTATION

The package leaflet (PL) has been evaluated via a user consultation study in accordance with the requirements of Articles 59(3) and 61(1) of Directive 2001/83/EC. The test consisted of: a pilot test with 2 participants, followed by two rounds with 10 participants each. The questions covered the following areas sufficiently: traceability, comprehensibility and applicability. The results show that the PL meets the criteria for readability as set out in the Guideline on the readability of the label and package leaflet of medicinal products for human use.

# VI. OVERALL CONCLUSION, BENEFIT/RISK ASSESSMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

Endodien 2 mg film-coated tablets has a proven chemical-pharmaceutical quality and is a generic form of Visanne 2 mg, tablets. Visanne is a well-known medicinal product with an established favourable efficacy and safety profile.

Bioequivalence has been shown to be in compliance with the requirements of European guidance documents.

The Board followed the advice of the assessors.

There was no discussion in the CMD(h). Agreement between member states was reached during a written procedure. The member states, on the basis of the data submitted, considered that essential similarity has been demonstrated for Endodien with the reference product, and have therefore granted a marketing authorisation. The decentralised procedure was finalised with a positive outcome on 28 November 2018.



# STEPS TAKEN AFTER THE FINALISATION OF THE INITIAL PROCEDURE - SUMMARY

Procedure number*	Scope	Product Informatio n affected	Date of end of procedure	Approval/ non approval	Summary/ Justification for refuse